

POST Published daily except on Saturdays by The Palestine Post Ltd. Founded in 1932 by GERSON AGRON Registered at the G.P.O. Copyright of all material reserved. Reproduction permitted only by arrangement. Editor: TUD L. LURIE Head Office: 9 Rabin House, Jerusalem, P.O. Box 81, Tel. 24233 Tel Aviv: 32 Rabin House, Jerusalem, P.O. Box 1125, Tel. 64251/2. Mail: 34 Rabin House, Tel. 43943. Annual Subscription: \$1.35. Single Copy: 17 Agas. Vol. XXXVII, No. 3997



THE JERUSALEM POST

SUNDAY, APRIL 2, 1961 • 16 Nisan, 5721 • 16 Shavul, 1380

BOHAN
INSURANCE CO. LTD.
COMPLETE INSURANCE PROTECTION
HAIFA TEL-AVIV JERUSALEM

THE long-delayed reply which King Hussein received from President Nasser to his letter of **HUSSEIN'S** February 23, and **TACTICS** whose text was released by Cairo on Friday, has placed the Jordanian monarch in an awkward position. Instead of the tactical victory which he had no doubt sought to gain from his offer of friendship and cooperation, what he has in fact received is a political slap in the face from which it may not be too easy to recover. There is, in fact, one sense in which it would be quite true to say that Hussein's tactics have boomeranged.

The facts are well-known. On February 23, driven by what he claims were pious sentiments inspired by the Fast of Ramadan, King Hussein wrote Nasser a letter in which he deplored the prevailing inter-Arab rifts and suggested somewhat vaguely that Jordan and the United Arab Republic end their estrangement and marshal their efforts to solve the problems facing the Arab world as a whole. As was to be expected Nasser and his advisers took a long look at Hussein's offer. Accepting peaceful co-existence with the present Arab regimes would break Cairo's revolutionary momentum and, as one after another of Nasser's spokesmen hastened to suggest, cooperation with these regimes would amount to an admission on the part of the UAR that she no longer stands as the vanguard of Arab nationalism and Arab unity. Thus, in what was no doubt an effort to expose Amman's insincerity and hypocrisy, Cairo accused the Jordanians of plotting to break the Egypt-Syria union and assassinate Nasser. But this failed to impress Hussein, and a more orthodox way of replying to his letter had to be found.

When the reply finally came, exactly a month after the original letter was delivered, it proved to be a carefully thought-out piece of counter-propaganda and a candid exposition of all that Cairo claims to stand for. It said, in effect, that should Hussein deem it acceptable to cooperate with the Egyptians on their own terms, then he is welcome to do so; on no other terms is cooperation possible. Apparently unable to cope with this new situation, the Jordanians at first sought to make capital out of Nasser's willingness to meet Hussein, taking the relevant passage out of context so that the offer appeared to be unconditional. For a while, Cairo maintained a studied silence while Amman persisted in abstaining from publishing the texts of the exchange of letters. When the Egyptians judged that the game had gone a little too far, out they came with Nasser's text on Friday morning — thus proving to Arabs everywhere that Nasser was holding fast to his much-advertised pan-Arab convictions.

Where can Hussein go from here? According to a section of the Jordan press a meeting between the King and Nasser is to take place within a few weeks, when the latter will be on his next visit to Syria; moreover, the UAR Charge d'Affaires in Amman has gone to Cairo carrying another letter from the Jordan King. But it is interesting to note that in the address which he broadcast to his people on Friday night — a few hours after his Prime Minister had released a special press conference the texts of both the Hussein letter of February 23 and of Nasser's reply of March 23 — the Jordanian King abstained from referring to the subject altogether, concentrating instead on the deeds of a goodwill mission which he had sent to tour independent African countries.

Admittedly, it is a tricky dilemma which faces Hussein right now. After having made his offer of friendship he is now called upon to accept cooperation on Cairo's own terms — and this has put him in a position in which it would be difficult for him to refuse. But if he accepts these terms it would be tantamount to having almost

FLN Demand Imperils Evian Peace Parley

TUNIS (Reuters). — Algerian insurgent sources said here yesterday they were ready to negotiate "anywhere, anytime and as soon as possible" with France to end the Algerian war — so long as formal talks are held only with them.

Swiss Suspend Plans for Talks

BERNE. — The Swiss authorities have suspended their preparations for the peace talks scheduled to begin at Evian, on the French side of Lake Geneva, on April 7. France had broken her word, insurgent sources said.

The sources claimed that the French had promised during the pre-Evian secret contacts that they would negotiate exclusively with them, the peace conference, though reserving the right to hold unofficial consultations with whom they wished.

FLN sources said yesterday that Thursday's statement by Algerian Affairs Minister Louis Joxe (see below), was a "repudiation" of the simultaneous statement by French officials on the opening of formal talks.

'Paid Officials' The FLN "Provisional Government" spokesman said yesterday: "It would not even bother us if the French included the (rival) Algerian National Movement) MNA in its Evian delegation, because we regard them as paid officials of the French Government."

According to sources close to the French Government, secret talks seem likely to be held in the next day or two between France and the FLN leadership to iron out difficulties over the peace talks.

Threats from 'Ultras' According to the informants, these letters originated from a French extremist group opposing the talks, the "ultras" who claim to represent French settlers in Algeria. Blanc had received similar letters before he was killed.

The French Government yesterday awarded the "Order of the Nation" posthumously to Blanc. The citation, signed by Premier Debre, said the Mayor "fell in the exercise of his duties, victim of an odious attack."

It mentioned his war-time resistance record and outstanding service to Evian. Despite 800 special riot police already in Evian to ensure security for the forthcoming talks, the attackers succeeded in escaping after killing Blanc, 48, and injuring his wife, with a bomb planted close to the Hotel Beau Rivage, where he was living.

HALF MILLION BAIL PUT UP FOR NAGLER TEL AVIV. — The highest bail ever set by an Israeli court — \$1,500,000 — was on Friday provided by friends of Yitzhak Nagler, the 63-year-old diamond merchant who was detained at Lydda Airport last week on returning from Zurich.

He is suspected of defrauding two local banks by depositing as collateral for loans uncut diamonds far below their declared value. According to police, he received loans totaling \$350,000 and \$1,400,000 while depositing only 118,000 in uncut diamonds.

The police representative did not oppose bail but urged that the sum should be at least as high as the amount of the alleged fraud.

Judge M. Chernobsky ruled that the guarantors (publication of whose names he banned) be required to sign a \$1,500,000 bond. He also granted the police request that the accused be required to deposit his U.S. passport with them, that he present himself to them twice a week and that the court take action to prevent his leaving the country. (JTA)

CYPRUS TAXES NICOSIA (AP). — The Republic of Cyprus early yesterday found itself without any legislation to enable the Government either to collect or levy any taxes or customs duties.

This unique situation arose following the failure of the House of Representatives to approve an extension of the relevant laws which expired at midnight March 31.

Turkish Deputies blocked action in protest against the delay in the implementation of provisions of the constitution granting the Turkish community certain rights.

With deep sorrow, we announce the death of our beloved husband, father and grandfather.

Aharon Butlitzky Advocate,

at Assuta Hospital, Tel Aviv, on Saturday night, April 1, 1961, in his 61st year.

The funeral cortege will leave the hospital at 1 p.m. today, Sunday, April 2, for the Kiryat Shaul cemetery.

Yisroel Butlitzky Yisroel Butlitzky Yisroel Butlitzky Yisroel Butlitzky Yisroel Butlitzky

Yisroel Butlitzky Yisroel Butlitzky Yisroel Butlitzky Yisroel Butlitzky Yisroel Butlitzky

Yisroel Butlitzky Yisroel Butlitzky Yisroel Butlitzky Yisroel Butlitzky Yisroel Butlitzky

Yisroel Butlitzky Yisroel Butlitzky Yisroel Butlitzky Yisroel Butlitzky Yisroel Butlitzky

UN Sends 1,000 Gurkha Troops To N. Katanga

LEOPOLDVILLE (AP). — The U.N. sent 1,000 Gurkha troops by air to North Katanga yesterday as an emergency move to prevent a new flare-up of civil war in the Congo.

A U.N. spokesman said it has been decided to "significantly strengthen the U.N.'s military position as the danger of large-scale clashes is clearly apparent."

The action followed an announcement by the Katanga Government on Friday of the capture of the town of Manono, a Lumumbist rebel enclave in north Katanga's tin-mining area.

A large force of Katanga grandarmee—spearheaded by South African and British mercenaries—occupied the town and its airport, together with U.N. Nigerian soldiers.

Congolese troops, nominally loyal to the leftist regime of Antoine Gizenga, and Baluba tribesmen, who are fanatically hostile to the Katanga President, Moise Tshombe, were withdrawn from Manono but are understood to be regrouping in the area.

The U.N. spokesman said a stiff silence about the plans for utilizing the Gurkhas after they arrive in Kamina. Mr. Tshombe has declared publicly he will regard it as an act of war if the U.N. flies any Indian troops to Katanga.

But by once again reporting to arms, Tshombe's regime has suddenly crushed growing hopes of conciliation between the rival factions in the Congo.

Indian Police Kill 12 When Attacked DAGADUPUR, Central India (Reuters). — Twelve persons died and five were hurt when police opened fire on a crowd of 10,000 people, armed with bows and arrows, who stormed a police station on Friday.

The incident took place at Lahandiguda, 21 miles from here, yesterday. He refused to say anything to reporters who had awaited him outside the Premier's office.

The French have officially made no change in their arrangements for the conference, but the prevailing view in official circles in Paris is that the talks will probably start a week later than the scheduled date of April 7.

M. Joxe conferred with Premier Debre for 50 minutes yesterday. He refused to say anything to reporters who had awaited him outside the Premier's office.

Terror at Evian and in Tunis By MAURICE CARR, Jerusalem Post Correspondent PARIS. — The assassination of Evian's Mayor Camille Blanc by Algerian extremists and the FLN's announcements that the talks with France were off were both acts of terrorism, throwing lurid light on the formidable twin obstacles to peace in Algeria.

Camille Blanc was an in-demand French humanitarian which the anti-Gaullist fascists have been vainly trying to wreck with their political bombs. He was a resistance hero when the Gaullists were unable to break in captivity, although they smashed the bones of his jaw, knuckles and legs.

The FLN blast at the peace talks was an immeasurably greater threat, and shows that far from being moved to moderation by General de Gaulle's yielding, the rebels have become more and more intransigent.

Last Thursday, through Information Minister Terrenoire and through communiques issued in Paris and Tunis, President de Gaulle acknowledged the pre-eminence of the FLN with whom the French would "negotiate" while they would "refuse to consult" the other Algerian bodies. Later on the same day, M. Louis Joxe, who is to head the French delegation at Evian, had the temerity to make an answer to a question at a press conference in Oran: "We shall meet the MNA as we shall meet the FLN." The latter seized upon this statement as an affront to their dignity. They insisted that M. Joxe, a sudden target for heavy abuse in North and South America, so as to counter Israel propaganda: to intensify the boycott of Israel, and to take advantage of the "infiltration of Africa."

The sessions were attended by the League member states' diplomatic representatives in Cairo.

Arab League Decides On Anti-Israel Steps The Arab League Council yesterday concluded a week-long regular session in Cairo with the adoption of a series of decisions designed to harm Israel, Cairo Radio announced last night.

Without entering into details, it said decisions were taken in connection with Israel's relations with Iran and with Mali; to open offices in many places, particularly in North and South America, so as to counter Israel propaganda; to intensify the boycott of Israel, and to take advantage of the "infiltration of Africa."

The sessions were attended by the League member states' diplomatic representatives in Cairo.

After Midnight Algerian agents last night attacked three police posts in North Africa, killing one Moroccan policeman and wounding three Moroccan and two Algerian policemen. Two of the attackers were killed in the shooting.

Kibbutz Family Exhibition and Festival On the Jubilee of the Kibbutz Movement

OPENING TODAY 8.15 Opening Ceremony with the participation of the President, Mr. Itzhak Ben-Zvi, Mayor of Tel Aviv-Yafo, Mr. M. Namik, Yosef Baratz, Deputy member, and representatives of the Kibbutz Movement

7.30 Gates Opened to the General Public. 8.30 Premiere Festival performance at the Exhibition Amphitheatre—"It Happens in the Family"

Buses No. 91 and 92 to the Exhibition at the public's service from Herbert Samuel Square, and Rabin Hasharon. Tickets at ticket agencies and Exhibition Box office, Exhibition Gardens, Tel Aviv — April 2-3, 1961.

Nasser's Offer to Hussein To Help in 'Uprooting Israel'

Some 2,000 persons thronged the main streets of Amman yesterday to hail the "improvement of relations between King Hussein and Nasser." Rallies were also held in other Jordanian towns. The demonstrators carried pictures of Hussein and Nasser and shouted slogans praising Arab unity.

The UAR Charge d'Affaires in Amman left for Cairo on Friday night with a second message from Hussein to Nasser. This was reported yesterday by "El Jihad" and "Al-Ahram" in the Cairo daily. "Al-Ahram" of the text of the messages exchanged earlier between the Jordan and UAR leaders.

Jordan's Resident Representative, Abdul Monem Rifai, said he expected that the 11-member Council would meet about the middle of this week to take up the question. He said he would confer tomorrow with the Council's representative, Mr. Omar Loufi, on a possible resolution for submission to members.

The Jordan complaint referred to the March 20 resolution of the Mixed Armistice Commission which said that the U.N. should bring in again equipment in excess of that allowed for in the agreement.

When the MAC decision was published, diplomatic observers in Jerusalem pointed out that never before has the U.N. taken a stand on bringing in equipment into the city for ceremonial purposes.

An Arab delegation source pointed out: "There have been previous instances of arms being brought up for parades on both sides, but this is the first time Jordan has complained to the Security Council about the matter. We are waiting for instructions."

The Jordan complaint said further that despite this resolution, Israel seems determined to hold the parade in the West Bank, a provocative act, it was said, which has been a source of friction between the two sides.

The Security Council meeting, if called, will be the first on Arab-Israeli relations since early 1959 when it considered, but took no action on UAR threats to the peace. (Reuters, AP)

Shepherd Wounded By Jordan Fire JERUSALEM POST REPORTER. — A Beduin shepherd was wounded by rifle fire from Jordan while rounding up his flock yesterday morning.

The incident occurred near the border but well inside Israel, the police here said. The shooting was heard by other shepherds who brought the wounded man, Salim al-Tajala, 46, of the el-Astumi tribe, to hospital here.

Swedish Soldier Killed Near Gaza GAZA (UPI). — Lars Georg Sjoerberg, a Swedish soldier with Unaf, was shot and killed on Friday, the U.N. said yesterday.

A U.N. spokesman said Sjoerberg was killed without warning by "hit-and-run" concealed assailants. He said a burst of machinegun fire felled the Swede while Private Bengt Q. Nilsson, his companion, was unharmed.

He said the two men were returning from an observation post northeast of Gaza sometime during the afternoon when they were attacked.

Saudi in Kuwait KUWAIT (AP). — King Saud arrived here Saturday on a seven-day state visit to Kuwait. The Saudi monarch was received at the airport by Sheikh Abdullah el-Sabah ruler of the oil-rich emirate.

Plot on JFK's Family Reported PALM BEACH, Florida (AP). — Pro-Castro Cubans under surveillance in a reported plot to kidnap President Kennedy's small daughter are also suspected of planning to wipe out the President's entire family, an informed source said yesterday.

This source, who asked not to be named, said U.S. secret service agents have located the Cubans in the Palm Beach area and are keeping a close watch on them.

Meanwhile, three-year-old Caroline Kennedy is under what was called double-alert secret service security guard at the Atlantic shore home of her grandparents. The blonde youngster is spending an Easter holiday here with the President and Mrs. Kennedy.

The secret service, it was learned, has been tipped that four Cuban plotters described as pro-Castro and anti-Kennedy — contemplated killing the President, his wife and their two children. A plan to kidnap Caroline as an alternative was also reported.

Pierre Salinger, White House Press Secretary, acknowledged that a secret service inquiry is underway, but he declined to pin it in any way to Caroline. Mr. Salinger said the President — and presumably Mrs. Kennedy — had no knowledge of any investigation until he learned about it late Friday as a result of news dispatches.

TITO IN MOROCCO RABAT (UPI). — President Tito of Yugoslavia arrived yesterday for a six-day state visit. King Hassan met Marshal Tito in Casablanca, and both travelled to Rabat by train.

Russia Asks Int'l Peace Parley, Truce for Laos

MOSCOW (AP). — The Soviet Union proposed yesterday an immediate 14-nation peace conference to end the civil war in Laos and agreed to join Britain in calling for a cease-fire.

The Soviet Government takes a positive view of the proposal that the two co-chairmen of the Geneva conference (which supervised an Indo-China peace settlement in 1954) should call for a cease-fire in Laos, said a Tass summary of a Soviet note handed to British Ambassador Sir Frank Roberts in Moscow earlier yesterday.

"Accordingly, the parties concerned in Laos should come to terms on a cease-fire," the note said. "The Soviet Union advises leaving it up to the belligerents to decide when to stop fighting and did not specifically agree with the British view that a cease-fire must precede the conference."

However, the note said that Russia agreed with Britain on an early cessation of military actions carried on in Laos.

Kennedy: Reply Provides Hope PALM BEACH, Florida (AP). — President Kennedy said yesterday that the Soviet reply to Britain's peace plan for Laos "offers hope that a way can be found to establish a neutral and independent Laos through negotiations."

In a statement, the President said further that while the Soviet answer contains certain reservations with which we cannot agree, the reply "appears to be a useful step toward a peaceful settlement of a potentially dangerous situation."

Negotiations for a settlement of the Laotian question will not be simple and may take some time, but the U.S. will do everything it can to reach a result which will give peace and take care of their own affairs," Mr. Kennedy said.

In London, it was announced that the Foreign Secretary, Lord Home, will leave tomorrow for the U.S. to confer with Secretary of State Rusk and join talks between President Kennedy and Prime Minister Macmillan. The latter is now in Jamaica.

JOHNSON ON FIRST OVERSEAS MISSION WASHINGTON (AP). — Vice President Lyndon B. Johnson left yesterday on his first overseas mission for President Kennedy. The week-long trip will take him to Africa, Geneva, Paris and Spain.

Japan Successfully Fires First Rocket MIYAKAWA, Japan (AP). — Tokyo University scientists yesterday announced they successfully launched Japan's first three-stage rocket, the Kappa No.1.

A spokesman said the rocket, weighing 155 tons, fired at an 80-degree angle, reached an altitude of 350 km, and fell into the Pacific approximately 800 km from shore after 10 and a half minutes.

Japan plans to arm her defence forces with missiles, and the construction of a Japanese missile-testing site has received official approval.

Plot on JFK's Family Reported PALM BEACH, Florida (AP). — Pro-Castro Cubans under surveillance in a reported plot to kidnap President Kennedy's small daughter are also suspected of planning to wipe out the President's entire family, an informed source said yesterday.

This source, who asked not to be named, said U.S. secret service agents have located the Cubans in the Palm Beach area and are keeping a close watch on them.

Meanwhile, three-year-old Caroline Kennedy is under what was called double-alert secret service security guard at the Atlantic shore home of her grandparents. The blonde youngster is spending an Easter holiday here with the President and Mrs. Kennedy.

The secret service, it was learned, has been tipped that four Cuban plotters described as pro-Castro and anti-Kennedy — contemplated killing the President, his wife and their two children. A plan to kidnap Caroline as an alternative was also reported.

Pierre Salinger, White House Press Secretary, acknowledged that a secret service inquiry is underway, but he declined to pin it in any way to Caroline. Mr. Salinger said the President — and presumably Mrs. Kennedy — had no knowledge of any investigation until he learned about it late Friday as a result of news dispatches.

TITO IN MOROCCO RABAT (UPI). — President Tito of Yugoslavia arrived yesterday for a six-day state visit. King Hassan met Marshal Tito in Casablanca, and both travelled to Rabat by train.

ISRAEL CREDIT BANK LTD.
We hereby announce that we have acquiesced to the request of the Bank Examiner and have changed the name of our Bank.
Instead of
BANK HAMEICAZ LEISRAEL
we will henceforth operate under the name
בנק קרדיט לישראל בע"מ
ISRAEL CREDIT BANK LTD.
All the bank's regular business, including current accounts, collection of promissory notes, securities, documentary credit, and operations connected with import and export.
9 SHENOT ROTHSCHILD, TEL AVIV, Tel. 68801.

on matzot
MILK MARGARINE
RICH IN VITAMINS A+B
תוספת חלב

